SOCIAL STUDIES Third Grade

CULTURE

Culture encompasses similarities and differences among people, including their beliefs, knowledge, changes, values, and tradition. The student will explore these elements of society to develop an appreciation of and respect for the variety of human cultures.

Key	Reporting Category		PLT Activity
D		Recognize that changes in culture occur through the spread of people, languages, ideas, and goods.	95 Did You Notice? p.414
D		Compare cultural differences in various regions of the United States and the world.	20 Environmental Exchange Box p.92
D		Describe similarities and differences in the ways groups, societies, and cultures address similar human needs and concerns.	13 We All Need Trees p.65B 20 Environmental Exchange Box p.92
I		Compare ways in which people from different cultures think about and deal with their physical environment and social conditions.	36 Pollution Search p.153A
I		Identify and explain the significance of selected individual writers and artists and their stories, poems, statues, paintings, and other examples of cultural heritage from regions around the world.	18 Tale of the Sun p.86 22 Trees as Habitats p.102 89 Trees for Many Reasons p.387A
D		Explain the significance of selected ethnic and/or cultural celebrations in Tennessee, the United States, and other nations such as St. Patrick's Day, Cinco de Mayo, and Kwanzaa.	
I		Retell the heroic deeds of characters from folktales and legends.	87 Earth Manners p.378
D		Compare ethnic and/or cultural celebrations in Tennessee, the United States, and other nations.	

ECONOMICS

Globalization of the economy, the explosion of population growth, technological changes and international competition compels the student to understand, both personally and globally, production, distribution, and consumption of goods and services. The student will examine and analyze economic concepts such as basic needs versus wants, using versus saving money, and policy-making versus decision-making.

I		Identify ways of earning, spending, and saving money.	34 Who Works in this Forest? p.144
A	E	Classify needs and wants using pictures of common items (i.e., food, cleaning products, clothes, candy, makeup).	13 We All Need Trees p.65B 15 A Few of My Favorite Things p.75
A	E	Using a picture, differentiate the difference between a producer and a consumer.	
I		Analyze a simple budget that allocates money for spending and saving.	
I		Identify examples of private and public goods and services.	34 Who Works in this Forest? p.144
I		Identify examples of scarcity.	
I		Explain how supply and demand affects the price of a good or service.	
A	E	Distinguish between imports and exports.	
A	E	Differentiate between money and barter economies.	
I		Recognize that the world has different agricultural and industrial regions.	
A	E	Interpret a map showing agricultural and industrial areas.	
I		Explain the characteristics of a technologically expanding global economy.	
I		Explain the impact of scarcity on interdependence within and among regions.	
I		Recognize that Tennessee and the United States have different agricultural and industrial regions.	

REPORTING CATEGORY

Ι		Be aware of how goods and services are interchanged between communities at the local and national levels.	
D		Trace the development of a product from a natural resource to a finished product.	13 We All Need Trees p.65B 15 A Few of My Favorite Things p.75 51 Make Your Own Paper p.224 89 Trees for Many Reasons p.387
A	Е	Distinguish the difference between a natural resource and finished product.	13 We All Need Trees p.65B 15 A Few of My Favorite Things p.75 34 Who Works in This Forest? p.144

GEOGRAPHY

Geography enables the student to see, understand and appreciate the web of relationships between people, places, and environments. The student will use the knowledge, skills, and understanding of concepts within the six essential elements of geography: world in spatial terms, places and regions, physical systems, human systems, environment and society, and the use of geography.

I		Show how the spatial elements of point, line, and area are used on a map or globe.	
I		Explain the difference between relative and absolute locations.	
D		Locate places on a map using cardinal and intermediate directions.	
A	PG	Recognize and use a map key.	
A	PG	Find a specific location on a school or community map.	
A	PG	Use absolute and relative locations to identify places on a map (i.e., north, south, east, west, borders, lines of longitude and latitude, the equator, and the north and south poles.)	
A	PG	Utilize skills to locate a place using cardinal directions and symbols given an appropriate map with a key.	
A	PG	Determine the climate of a specific region of the world using a map.	49 Tropical Treehouse p.207
D		List the similarities and differences of local places and regions with other places and regions.	49 Tropical Treehouse p.207
Ι		List the basic components of earth's physical systems (e.g., landforms, water, climate and weather, and erosion and deposition).	
I		Understand the concept of an ecosystem.	49 Tropical Treehouse p.207
D		Describe how environments and regions differ around the world.	49 Tropical Treehouse p.207
A	PG	Identify the major physical components of the world (i.e., oceans, equator, continents, and hemispheres).	
A	PG	Identify basic components of earth's systems (i.e., landforms, water, climate, and weather).	
A	PG	Differentiate the distinguishing characteristics of ecosystems (i.e., deserts, grasslands, and rainforests).	49 Tropical Treehouse p.207
A	PG	Recognize the identifying characteristics of certain geographic features (i.e., peninsula, islands, continents, mountains, rivers, deserts, oceans, and forests).	
I		Understand how technology allows people to adapt the environment to meet their needs.	13 We All Need Trees p.65B 36 Pollution Search p.153A
D		Locate the major cities of Tennessee and the world on a map or globe.	
I		Describe the concept of formal (uniform) regions.	
I		Define the characteristics that comprise a region.	
I		Explain how change affects region and place over time.	
I		Show the population distribution of the state and country.	
D		Differentiate between urban, suburban, and rural regions.	

REPORTING CATEGORY

A	HG	Recognize some of the major components of a culture (i.e., language, clothing, food, art, and music).	
A	HG	Determine similarities and differences in the ways different cultural groups address basic human needs (i.e., food, water, clothing, and shelter) by interpreting pictures.	
A	HG	Interpret a chart or map identifying major cultural groups of the world.	
A	HG	Recognize major global concerns (i.e., pollution, conservation of natural resources, global warming, and destruction of rainforest).	
A	HG	Differentiate the cultural population distribution in the United States using a bar graph.	

GOVERNANCE AND CIVICS

Governance establishes structures of power and authority in order to provide order and stability. Civic efficacy requires understanding rights and responsibilities, ethical behavior, and the role of citizens within their community, nation, and world.

I		Describe the basic structures of government in the state.	
A	GC	Select from a set of visual representations a service provided by the government (i.e., parks, schools, and libraries).	
D		Recognize who makes laws in the state.	
I		Know that governmental agencies exist to protect the environment at local, state, and national levels.	87 Earth Manners p.378
Ι		Describe varied basic structures of governments in the state, nation, and world.	
D		Examine how regions choose to govern in different ways.	
A	GC	Determine the representative acts of a good citizen (i.e., obeying speed limit, not littering, and walking within the crosswalk).	
D		Identify services commonly provided by the state government and contrast with other regions.	
Ι		Compare the Tennessee and the United State Constitutions with other governing procedures around the world.	
D		Identify government officials and explain how they are chosen.	
Ι		Explain the concept of the consent of the governed and its importance to the functions of government.	
A	GC	Distinguish between conflict and cooperation within group interactions as represented by pictures.	89 Trees for Many Reasons p.387A
D		Identify examples of rights and responsibilities of citizens.	87 Earth Manners p.378
I		Describe how public policies are used to address issues of public concern.	87 Earth Manners p.378
D		Identify and explain the importance of acts of civic responsibility, including obeying laws and voting.	87 Earth Manners p.378
D		Identify diverse historic figures that exemplified good citizenship.	
D		Identify ordinary people who exemplify good citizenship.	
D		List the differences between community, city, county, state, and country events which occur.	
Ι		Recognize the relationship of local governments to the state, the nation, and the world.	

HISTORY

History involves people, events, and issues. The student will evaluate evidence to develop comparative and causal analyses, and to interpret primary sources. He/she will construct sound historical arguments and perspectives on which informed decisions in contemporary life can be based.

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REPORTING CATEGORY

I		Identify historical figures that helped to shape regions.	
A	Н	Label historical events as past, present, and future.	76 Tree Cookie p.327 94 Did You Notice? p.414
D		Describe the order of events by using designation of time periods such as ancient times and modern times.	
A	Н	Use a timeline to determine the order of a historical sequence of events.	76 Tree Cookie p.327 94 Did You Notice? p.414
Ι		Describe how individuals, events, and ideas cause regional change over time.	76 Tree Cookie p.327 94 Did You Notice? p.414
A	H	Read and interpret facts from a historical passage.	94 Did You Notice? p.414
D		Use vocabulary related to chronology, including past, present, and future.	94 Did You Notice? p.414
D		Describe and measure calendar time by days, weeks, months, and years.	76 Tree Cookie p.327 94 Did You Notice? p.414
D		Create and interpret timelines.	76 Tree Cookie p.327 94 Did You Notice? p.414
I		Identify factors that cause development and change in communities.	74 People, Places, Things p.318 94 Did You Notice? p.414
I		Compare various interpretations of the same time period using evidence such as photographs and interviews.	94 Did You Notice? p.414

INDIVIDUALS, GROUPS, AND INTERACTIONS

Personal development and identity are shaped by factors including culture, groups, and institutions. Central to this development are exploration, identification, and analysis of how individuals and groups work independently and cooperatively.

Ι	Give examples of conflict, cooperation, and interdependence among individuals, groups, and nations.	13 We All Need Trees p.65B
I	Examine the relationships and conflict between personal wants and needs and various global concerns, such as use of imported oil, land use, and environmental protection.	15 A Few of My Favorite Things p.75 36 Pollution Search p.153A 39 Energy Sleuths p.167B 54 I'd Like to Visit a Place Where p.236 89 Trees for Many Reasons p.387A
I	Give examples of economic, social, or political changes that result from individual or group decisions.	
D	Identify examples of actions individuals and groups can take to improve the community.	31 Plant A Tree p.132 36 Pollution Search p.153A 74 People, Places, Things p.318 87 Earth Manners p.378 89 Trees for Many Reasons p.387A
D	Identify examples of nonprofit and/or civic organizations such as the Red Cross and explain how they serve the common good.	

SOCIAL STUDIES PROCESS STANDARDS

The student will use social studies process standards to acquire information, analyze, problem solve, communicate, and develop a historical awareness.

I	Use picture clues and picture captions to aid comprehension to acquire information.	13 We All Need Trees p.65B 15 A Few of My Favorite Things p.75
		32 A Forest of Many Uses p.135A
		36 Pollution Search p.153A
		39 Energy Sleuths p.167B

KEY

I = Introduced D = Developing M = Mastered A = State Assessed

REPORTING CATEGORY

		40 Tropical Treehouse p.207 87 Earth Manners p.378 89 Trees for Many Reasons p.387
I	Use maps, graphs, globes, media, and technology sources to acquire information.	
I	Discover resources available from museums, historical sites, presidential libraries, and local and state preservation societies to acquire information.	22 Trees as Habitats p.102 31 Plant A Tree p.132 94 Did You Notice? p.414
I	Classify information by source, chronology, and importance to analyze data and problem solve.	
I	Demonstrate an understanding of the data through written, visual, or oral methods to problem solve.	87 Earth Manners p.378 94 Did You Notice? p.414
I	Prepare and analyze maps, charts, and graphs for historical awareness.	22 Trees as Habitats p.102 94 Did You Notice? p.414
I	Construct and analyze timelines for historical awareness.	76 Tree Cookies p. 327 94 Did You Notice? p.414
I	Utilize community resources such as field trips, guest speakers, and museums for historical awareness.	74 People, Places, Things p.318 94 Did You Notice? p.414
I	Incorporate the use of technological resources for historical awareness.	